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Proposal of a One-DOF Actively Controlled Bearingless Motor Using Zero-Sequence Current

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1. Introduction

2. Proposed System

3. Proposed Machine

4. FEA Results

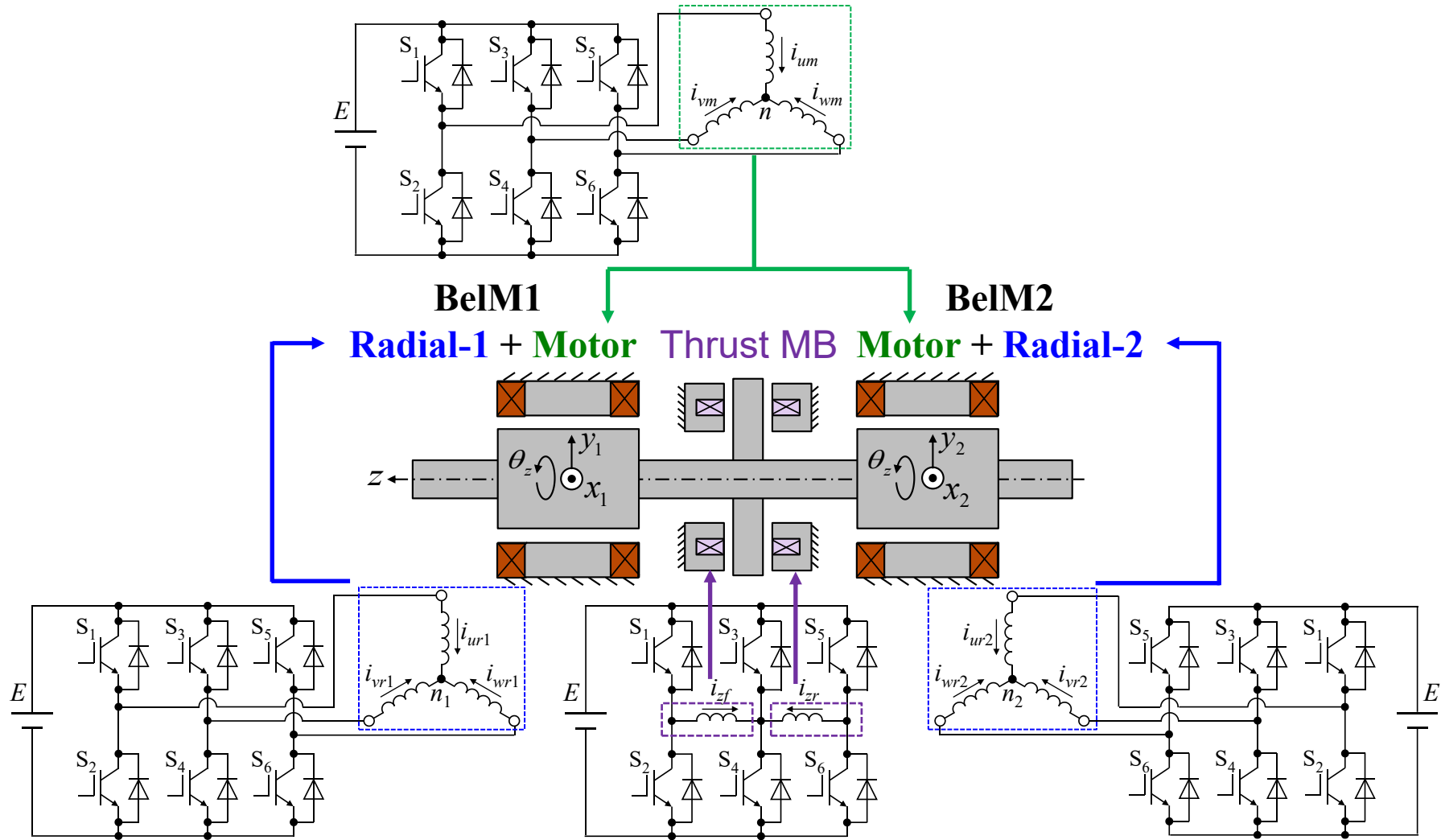
5. Fabricated Machine (only picture. . .)

6. Conclusion

1. Introduction

5-DOF Controlled Bearingless Motor

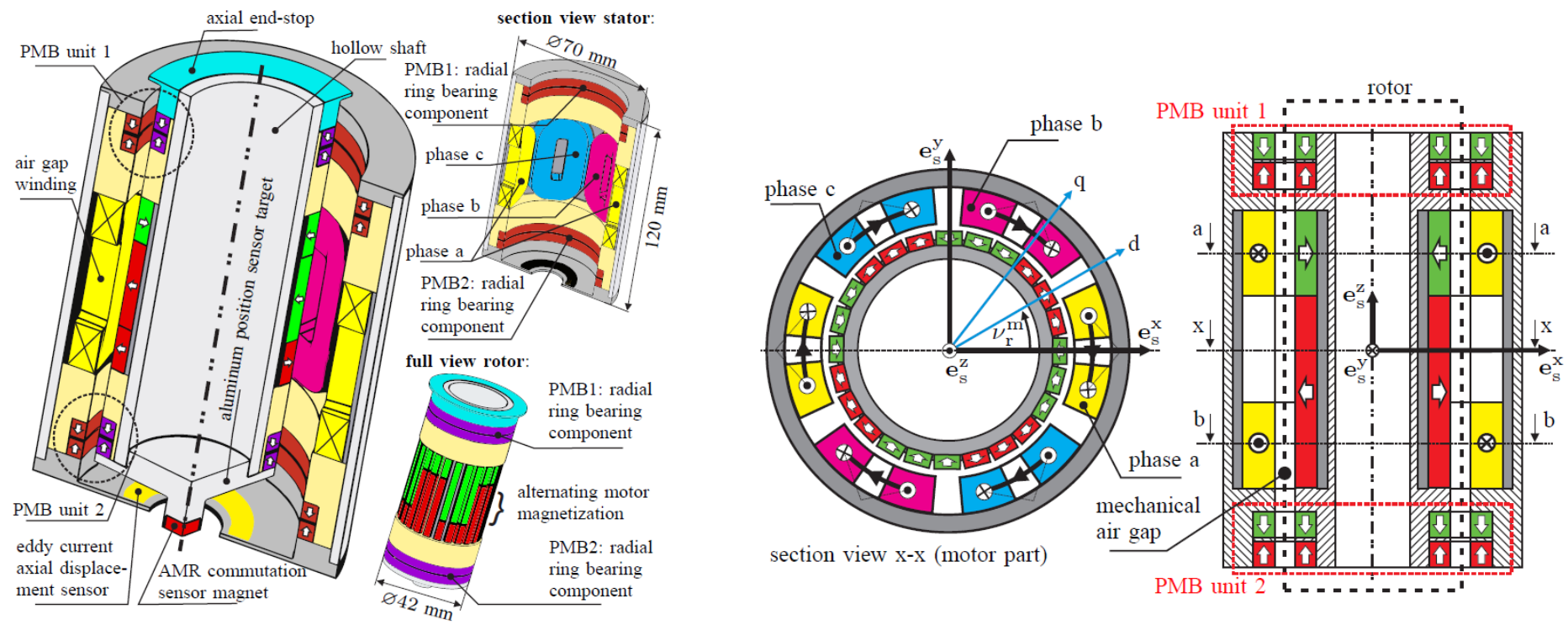
➤ This system requires **at least four three-phase inverters**



1. Introduction

① JKU, 2014 : One-DOF Controlled Belm

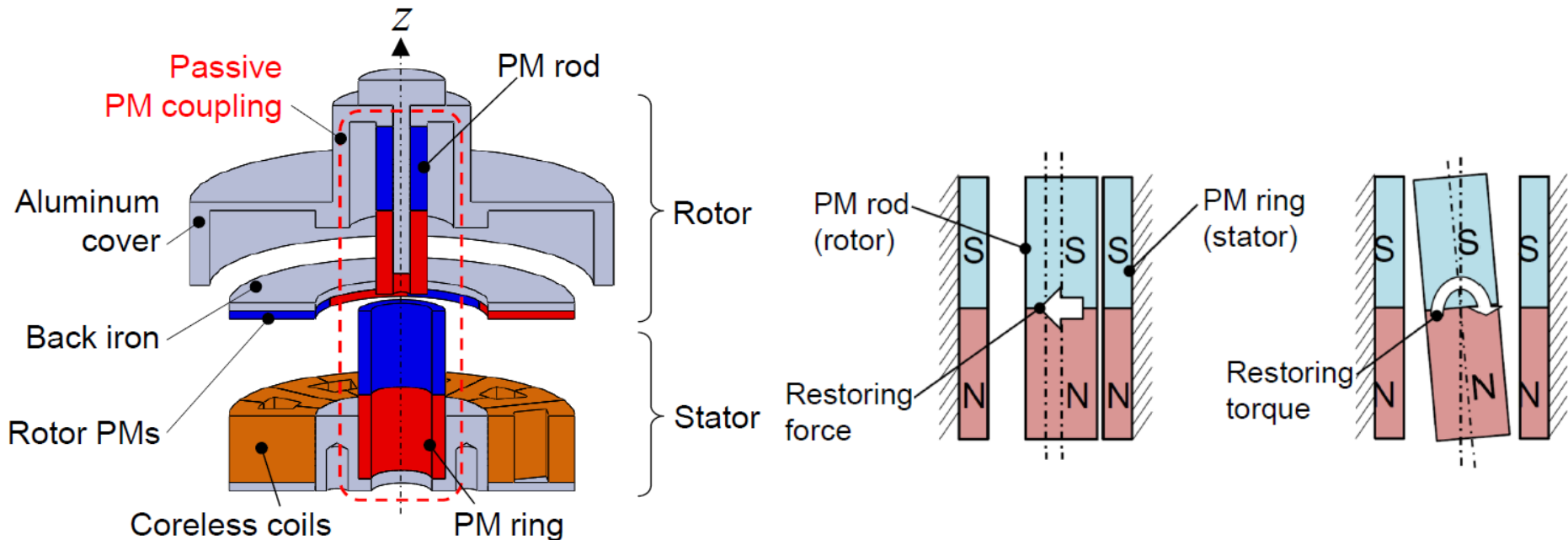
- Motor and thrust windings (core-less coil) are combined
- This system needs **12 power switching devices.**



1. Introduction

② Prof. Asama, 2021 : One-DOF Controlled Belm

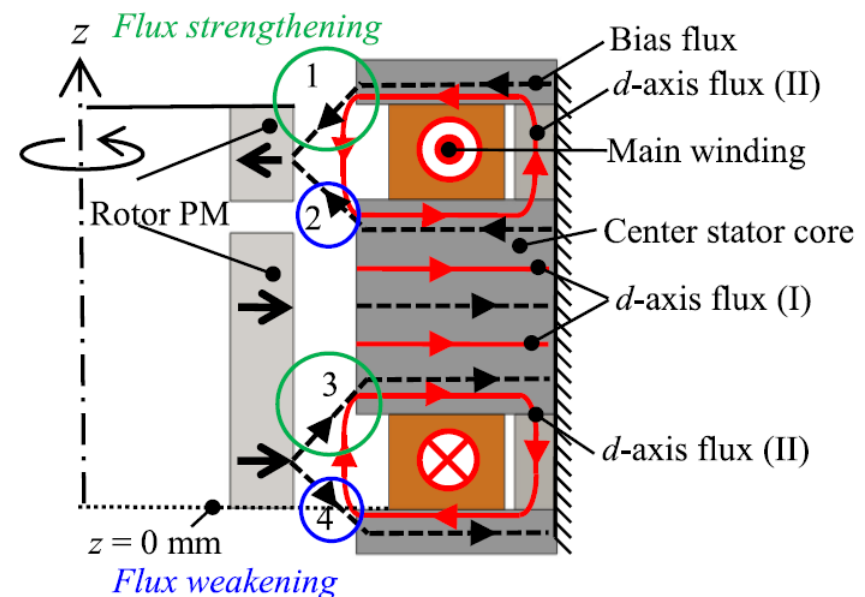
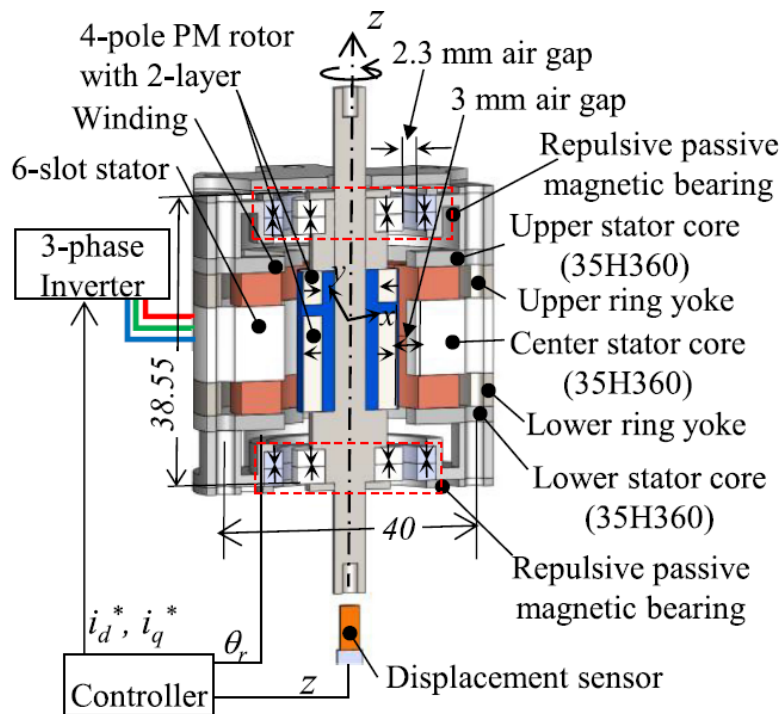
- Motor and thrust windings (core-less coil) are combined
- d-axis current : active thrust magnetic suspension
- q-axis current: torque
 - needs only three-phase inverter, called “Single-Drive Belm”



1. Introduction

③ Prof. Sugimoto, 2021 : One-DOF Controlled Belm

- Motor and thrust windings (with core) are combined
 - d-axis current : active thrust magnetic suspension
 - q-axis current: torque
- needs only three-phase inverter

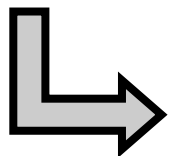


1. Introduction

Comparison of Specification

- Power rating is less than 150 W.
 - Torque is less than 0.15 Nm.
- } applied to only small fan

Research Group	Power device	Motor control	Coil	Output Torque
① JKU, 2014	12	○ dq—axis current	Combined Core-less	122 W @7900rpm 147 mNm
② Prof, Asama, 2021	6	△ Only q-axis current	Combined Core-less	0.3 W @5000rpm 0.58 mNm
③ Prof, Sugimoto,2021	6	△ Only q-axis current	Combined With core	18.4 W @30000rpm 5.9 mNm



Proposes one-dof controlled belm with more than 1 kW

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2. Proposed System

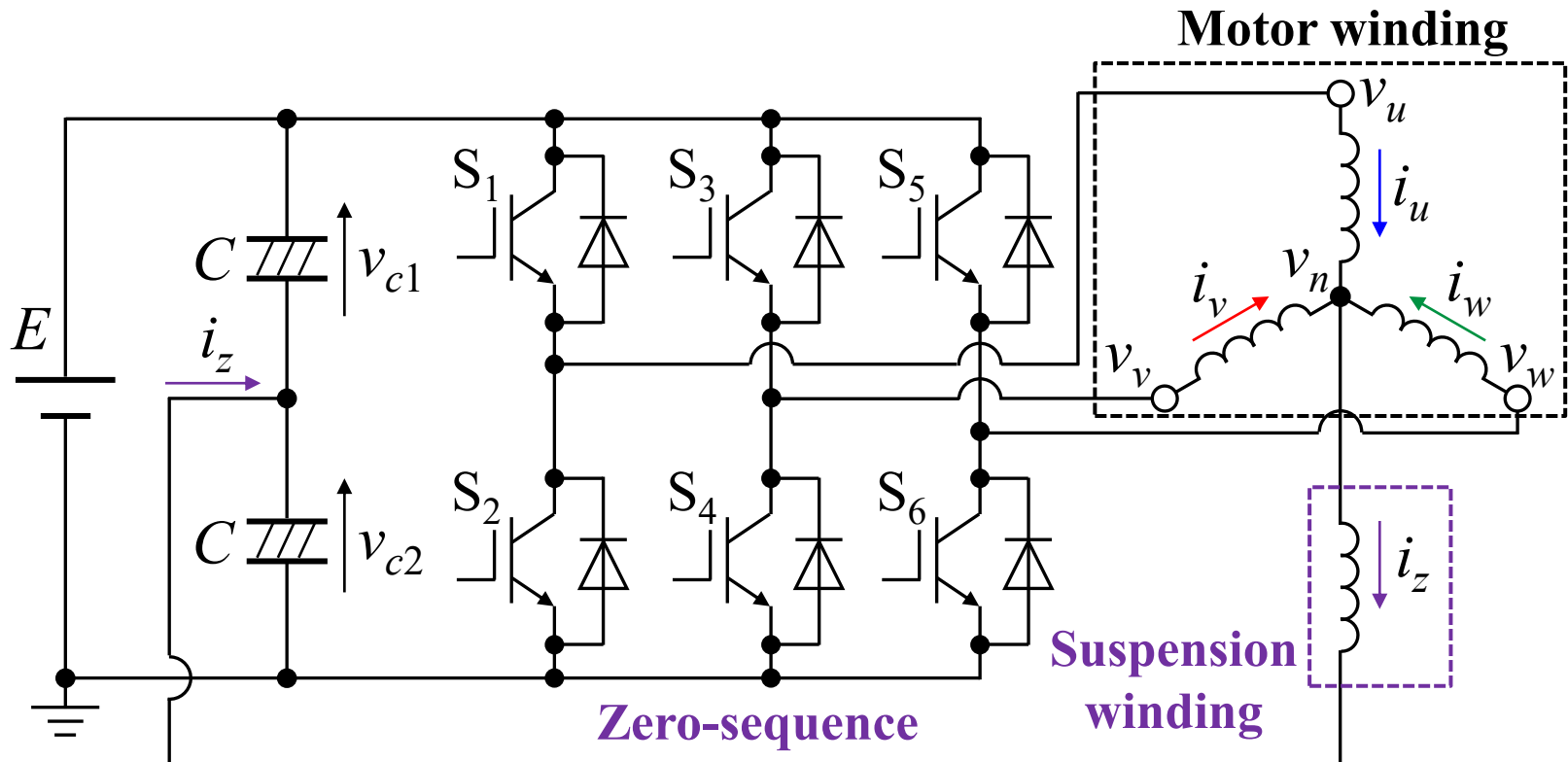
Three-Phase Four-Wire Inverter

➤ Zero-sequence current, i_z is used for active thrust suspension.

→ ◎Simplicity

→ ◎dq-motor control

$$\begin{aligned}
 i_u &= I_m \sin(\omega t) + i_z/3 \\
 i_v &= I_m \sin(\omega t - 2\pi/3) + i_z/3 \\
 i_w &= I_m \sin(\omega t - 4\pi/3) + i_z/3
 \end{aligned}$$



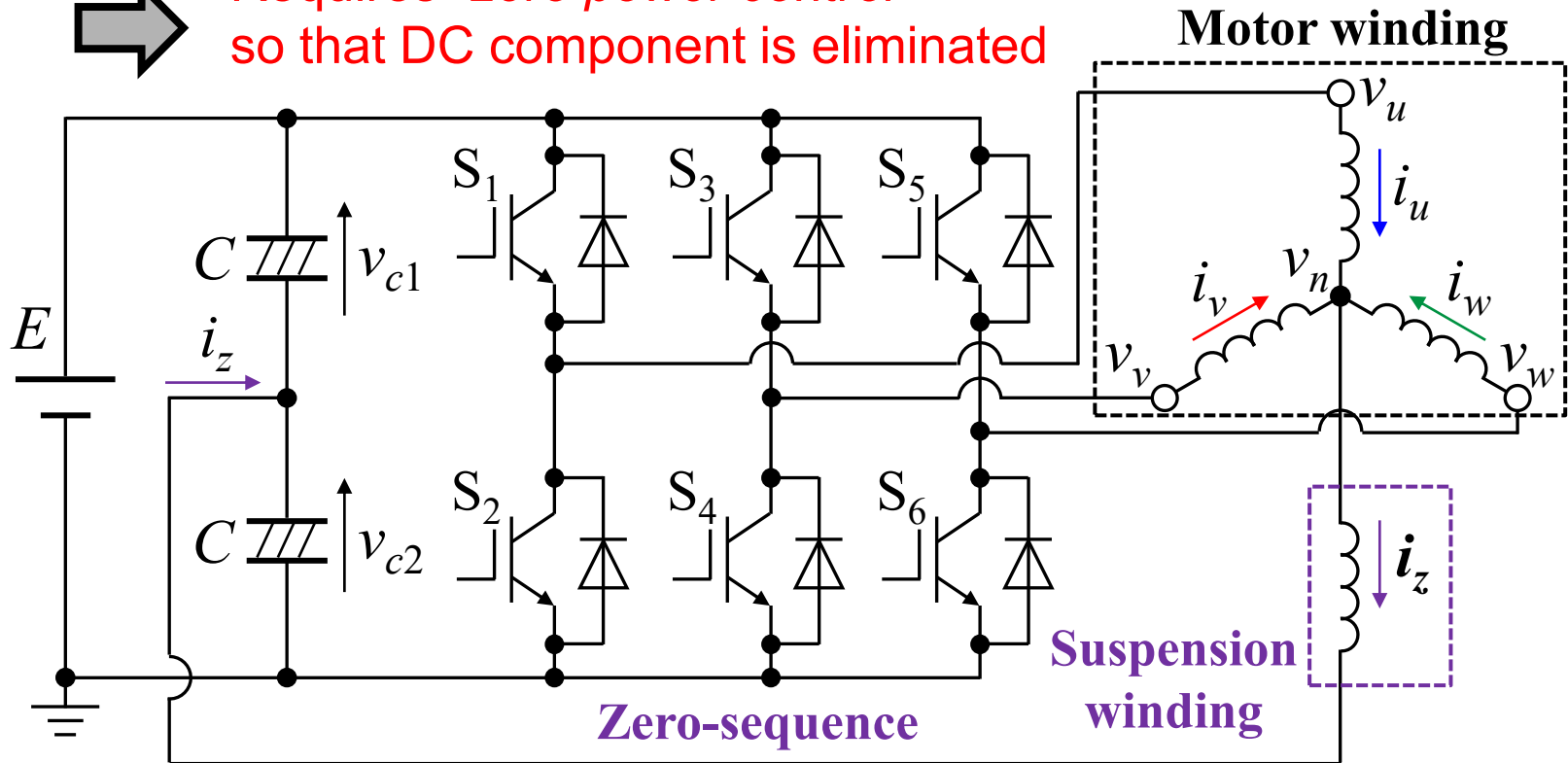
2. Proposed System

What is compromised in the proposed circuit ?

- Zero-sequence current, i_z must not have any DC component.

$$i_z(t) = \underbrace{I_{dc}}_{\text{DC component}} + i_{ac}(t) \quad V_{c2}(t) = \frac{1}{2C} \int i_z(t) dt = \underbrace{\frac{I_{dc}}{2C} t}_{\text{unbalance}} + \frac{1}{2C} \int i_{ac}(t) dt$$

➔ Requires “zero power control” so that DC component is eliminated

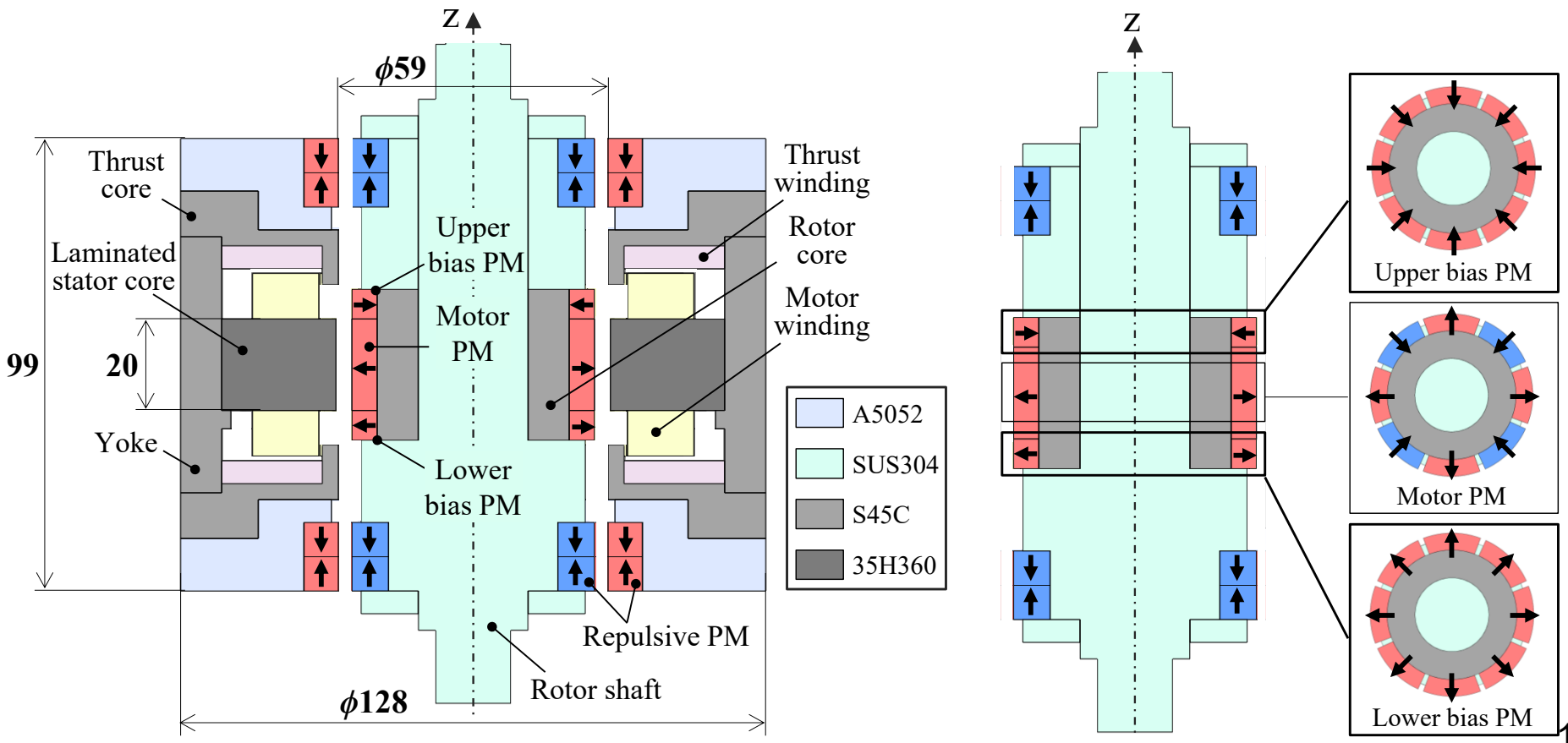


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3. Proposed Machine

Structure

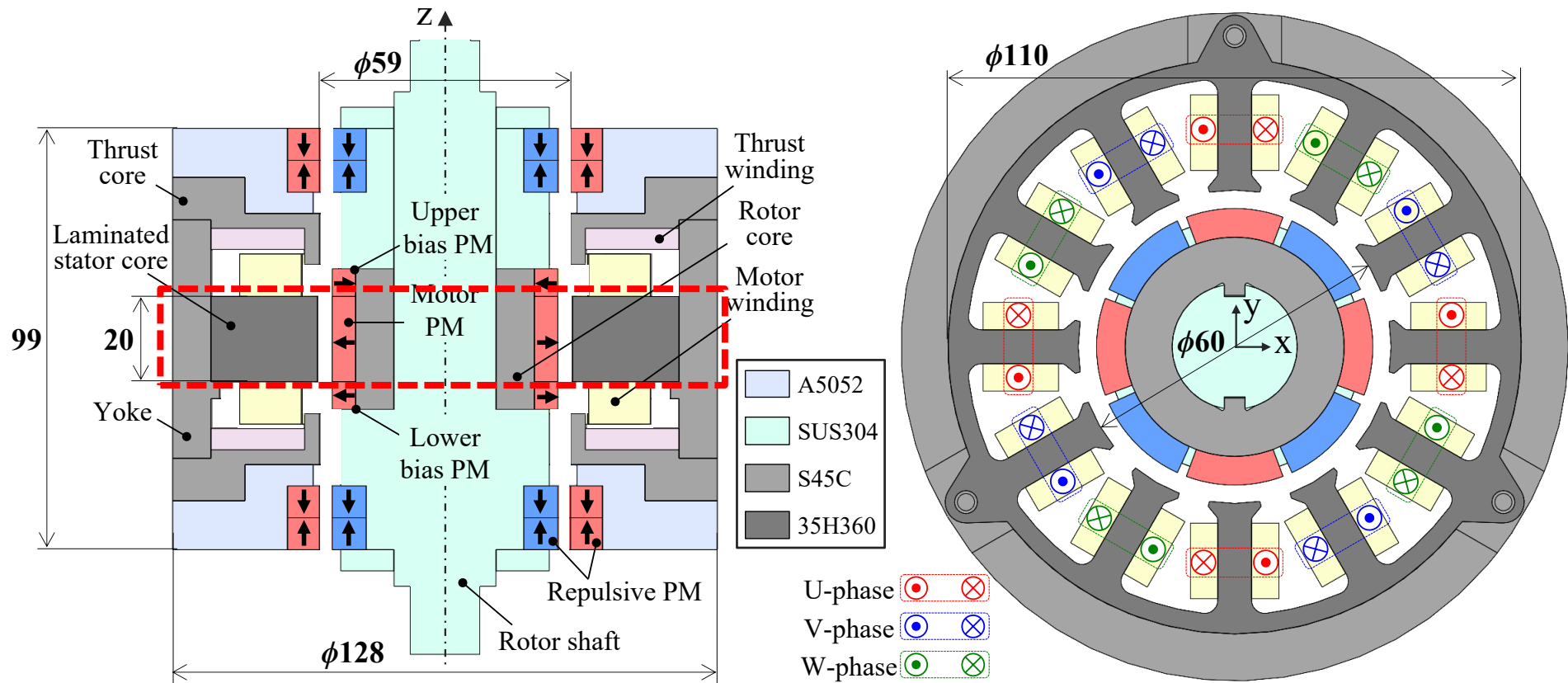
- Consists of repulsive passive MBs, thrust suspension, motor
- To avoid the touchdown, wide gap is adopted.
 → **RPMBs and motor air-gaps are 3.0 mm and 3.5 mm**



3. Proposed Machine

Motor Structure

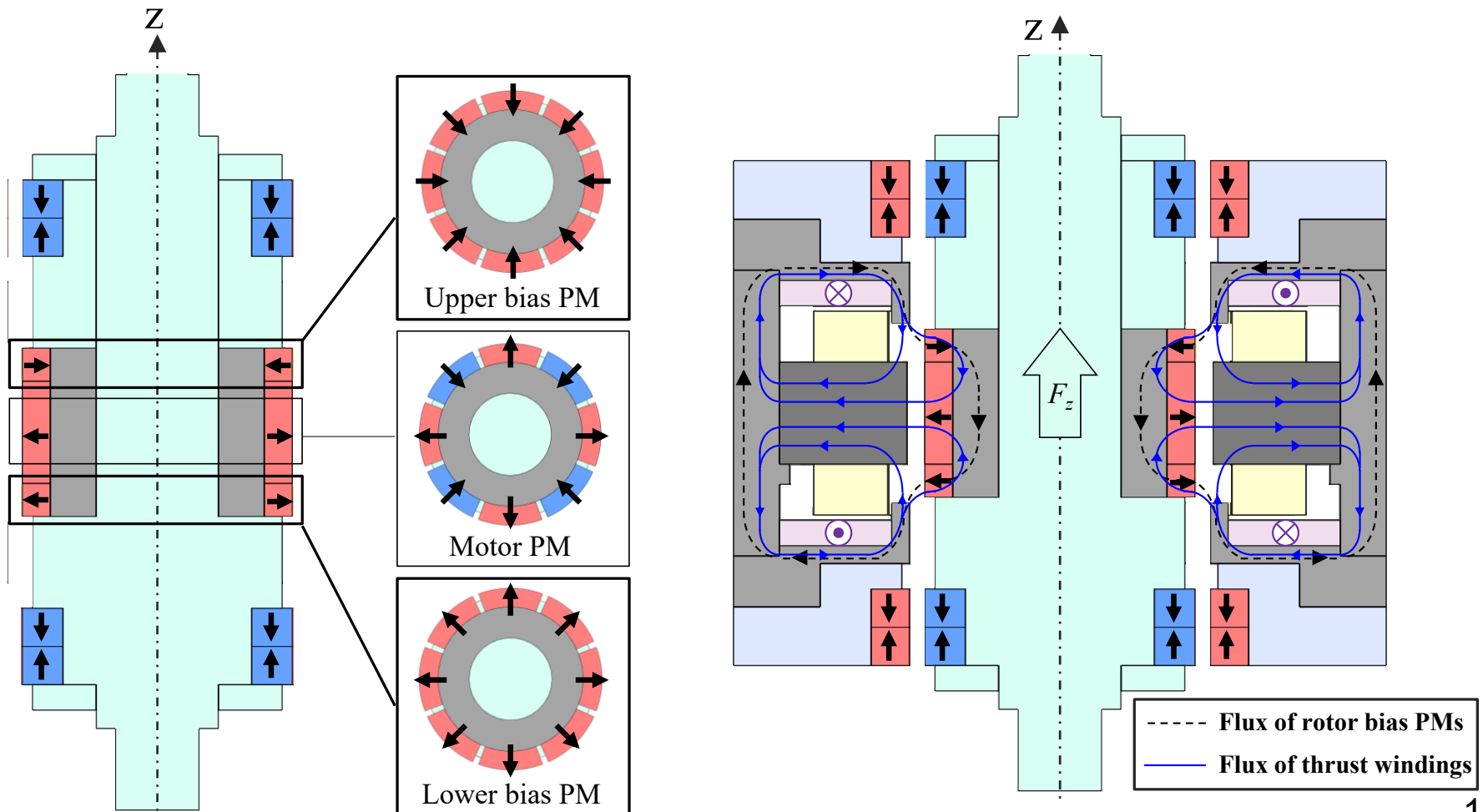
➤ 8-pole 12-slots with three-phase concentrated winding



3. Proposed Machine

Principle of Active Thrust Suspension

- Thrust force is generated by zero-sequence current flowing in thrust suspension winding.

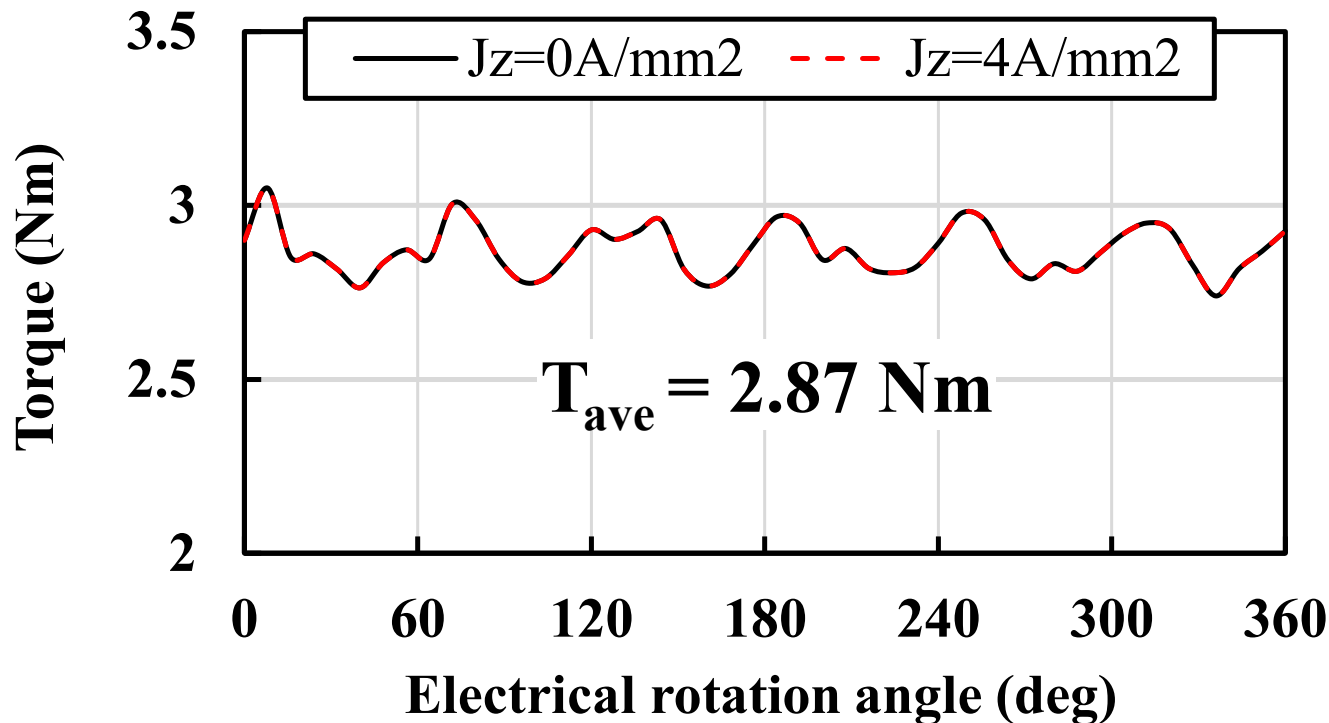


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4. FEA Results

Torque: motor current density 8 A/mm²

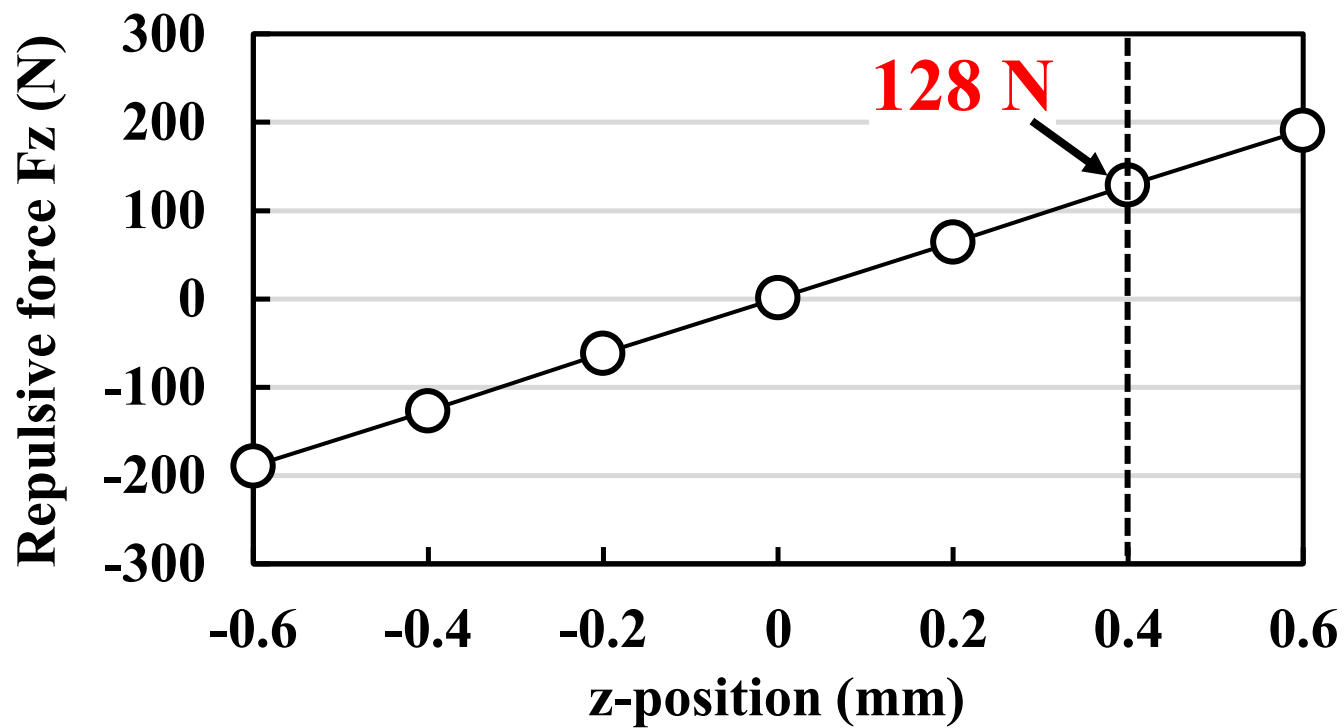
- The zero-sequence current has no influence on torque.
- The average torque is 2.87 Nm.
 - achieve 1 kW under the rated current at 3328 rpm



4. FEA Results

Repulsive (unstable) Force in the thrust direction

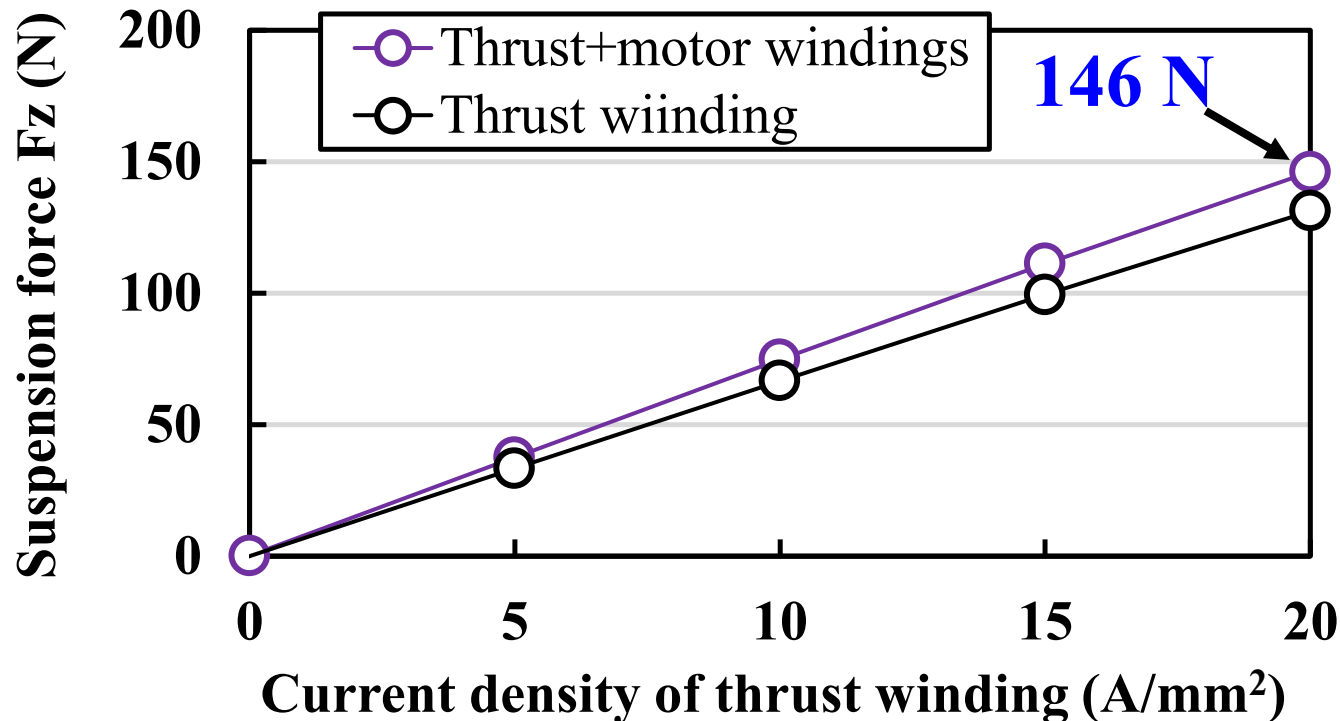
- Repulsive force in the thrust direction is 128 N at the z-position of 0.4 mm in the start-up of the magnetic suspension.



4. FEA Results

Active Thrust Force

- Active Thrust force is also generated by zero-sequence current flowing in motor winding in addition to thrust winding.
- Active thrust force reached 146 N at 20 A/mm², which exceeds the repulsive force (128 N) in the z-direction at the start-up

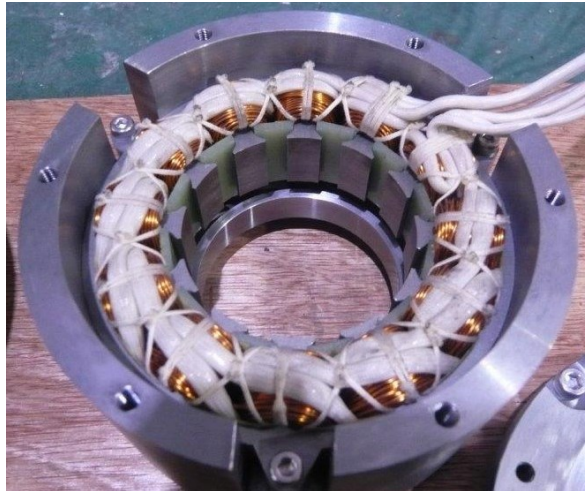
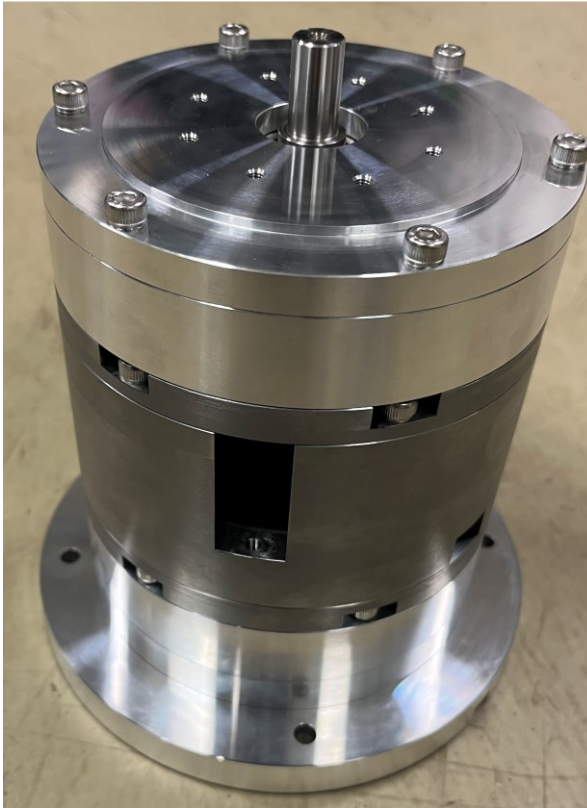


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5. Fabricated Machine

Picture of Test Machine

- The proposed machined was fabricated one month ago.
- Experiment will be conducted in the future works.



6. Conclusion

Summary

- One-DOF controlled Belm with more 1 kW was proposed.
- The proposed system needs only one three-phase inverter because zero-sequence is utilized for thrust suspension.
- FEA results demonstrated the effectiveness of the proposed

Future Works

- First, levitation test will be conducted
- Then, the torque and thrust suspension force will be measured.